AP® LATIN 2014 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 5

Subquestion 1 (1 point):

- possible answers: it was their custom/customary practice
- **NOT** acceptable: untrustworthy (syn)/lest he might escape/because he was a traitor/because he had caused deaths

Subquestion 2 (1 point):

• possible answers: burned up/cremated/burned alive/set on fire/lit on fire/set alight

Subquestion 3 (1 point):

• clients/supporters/retainers/family/household/relatives/vassals/fan club/groupies/ debtors/people who owe him money/people who serve him/people who are obligated to him/henchmen/retinue/dependents/minions/posse

Subquestion **4a** (1 point):

- lest/in order that he not/may not/might not /would not/should not plead/say/make his case/cause
- to not plead/say/make; in order not to plead/say/make his case/cause
- clause must express purpose (cannot be past tense)

Subquestion **4b** (1 point):

purpose or negative purpose

Subquestion **5a** (1 point):

Possible answers: committed suicide/killed himself/took his own life/offed himself

Subquestion **5b** (1 point):

quote must include sibi mortem consciverit— quin and ipse are optional

NOT acceptable: the entire quote as in the prompt or the entire quote written out word for word. (see clarification below)

Subquestion 6 (1 point):

Possible answers include:

- built a wall/made a blockade
- manned the wall
- set up/positioned guards/soldiers
- gathered up/conscripted/drafted/additional/new legions
- told them no/told them they could not go through the province/told them that they did not have his permission to go through the province
- stalled them by postponing or pretending to postpone his decision
- broke/took down/destroyed/burned/cut off the bridge (student need not specify at Geneva or over the Rhone)
- he controls the surrounding areas

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Question 5 (continued)

Clarification on Short Answer Question Asking for English Summary of an Item/Event in the Latin Passage and Citation of the Latin to Support the Answer.

Form O. Question 5:

5. According to lines 7-8 (neque abest . . . consciverit), what was suspected about Orgetorix's death? Write out the Latin that supports your answer.

This question asks for two pieces of information and is worth two (2) points:

- A) an English statement about what was suspected about Orgetorix's death.
- B) the Latin words that support the first question (A).

Credit will be given for A when the student provides:

• A correct statement indicating the suspicion about Orgetorix's death (e.g., that he killed himself, committed suicide)

Credit will be given for B when the student provides:

- Latin to support a correct statement in A (e.g., *ipse sibi mortem consciverit*) [student receives credit for A and B]
- Latin to support the correct answer to the larger question (A), even when the student did not answer A correctly.
 - o RATIONALE: One goal of the question is to see if the student understands the Latin that expresses the correct answer to A; despite the fact that the student may have missed the answer to A (due to faulty understanding of a word or two, or more), the student receives credit for citing the correct Latin for what would have been the correct answer to A. (student receives credit for B due to correct Latin for the overall question, but no credit for A)
- Latin that correctly supports the answer in A, even when the answer in A is incorrect.
 - o RATIONALE: The wording of the question asks for the Latin to support the English answer given in A. If the student offers correct Latin to support their answer in A, despite the fact that the answer is incorrect, they should be awarded credit because they responded correctly to the question prompt. [student receives credit for B due to correct Latin "that supports your answer," but no credit for A]

Begin your answer to Question 5 on this page.

1. Orgetorix was forced to plead his case in chains because it was in accordance with their customs that he do so. 2. The specific punishment if Orgetorix lost the case was to be burned with fire. 3. One group mentioned in lines 2-4 that helped Orgeton's to escape is his own whole family. 4. "Ne causam diceret" (line 5) is translated as " lest he say his case." The type of ne-clause is a purpose clause. 5. According to lines 7-8, it was suspected that orgetorix died by committing suicide, or killing himself. This idea is supported by "quin ipse sibi mortem conscivent" (lines 7-8) which mean "that he jurchousebrack himself understood death for himself. " 6. Later in Book 1, one strategy that Caesar uses to prevent the migration of the Helvetians is that when the Malwarigan 8/1916/100 reparty sometiments ask Brown parson Alanda Alandrong, the discovers that the Helvetians plan to pass through his territory, he orders from the people a number of soldiers as great as he is able.

Begin your answer to Question 5 on this page.
1. Orgetorix was forced to plead his case in chains because of
their deaths.
THE DEATHS!
2 75 0
2. If Orgetorix lost the case, he was to be burned.
3. One group that helped Orgetorix escape was his family. (His entire, extended family.)
(His entire, extended family.)
4. "Liber La rould pland his case"
4. "When he would plead his case" temporal he clause
temporal ne clause
5. It was suspected that Orgetorix had committed
suicide: "ipse sibi mortem consciverit."
6. Later in book 1, Caesar prevents the migration of the
Helvetit by entling off their grain supply.
10.10111 29
* ,

1	Orgetorix was forced to plead his case in chains because
8.0	he mas sentenced to death.
	orgetorix would be creamated if he lost the case.
3	All of his clients.
4.	"because he led and it is a circumstancial
•••	c1ause.
5.	
	Nothing Nas expected except that it was by the Helvetians. " negue abest suspicio, ut Helvetti."
9.	He demands them not to go & to stay where they
	are!
-	
2	

AP® LATIN 2014 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 5

Overview

The question assessed students' ability to explain various semantic, grammatical, stylistic, and cultural features of a passage from Caesar's *Bellum Gallicum* and to relate the passage to other passages from their Latin or English readings for the course.

Sample Identifier: 5A

Score: 8

The student received credit for all subquestions.

Sample Identifier: 5B

Score: 4

The student received credit for all subquestions except:

Subquestion 1: Moribus misconstrued as referring to deaths rather than customs

Subquestion 4a: wrong meaning for ne

Subquestion 4b: negative purpose clause misidentified as temporal clause

Subquestion 6: In Book 1, Chapter 26, Caesar cuts off the Helvetians' grain supply to hinder their retreat

after battle, not to prevent their migration

Sample Identifier: 5C

Score: 3

The student received credit for all subquestions except:

Subquestion 1: Helvetian customs misidentified as a death sentence

Subquestion 4a: wrong meanings for ne, causam, and diceret

Subquestion 4b: negative purpose clause misidentified as circumstantial clause

Subquestion 5a: Orgetorix's suicide misconstrued as death at the hands of the Helvetians

Subquestion 5b: Latin referring to Orgetorix's suicide not cited